

ABSTRAK

Dian Ayu Puspaningtyas, 2026. Peran Multiaktor dalam Mengembangkan Strategi Adaptif Ketahanan Pangan di Kabupaten Jeneponto (Dibimbing oleh Dr A. Junaedi Karso, S.H., M.H., M.Si dan Muhammad Amril Pratama Putra, S.IP., MAP).

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui peran multiaktor dalam mengembangkan strategi adaptif ketahanan pangan di Kabupaten Jeneponto. Ketahanan pangan merupakan isu strategis yang membutuhkan keterlibatan berbagai pihak dalam menjaga ketersediaan, distribusi, dan konsumsi pangan, terutama dalam menghadapi perubahan iklim, bencana alam, dan fluktuasi harga.

Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan collaborative governance dengan metode deskriptif kualitatif. Data dikumpulkan melalui wawancara, observasi, dan dokumentasi. Informan terdiri atas Dinas Ketahanan Pangan sebagai informan utama serta pelaku usaha dan masyarakat sebagai informan pendukung.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa peran multiaktor telah berjalan secara kolaboratif dengan pembagian peran yang saling melengkapi. Strategi adaptif yang diterapkan meliputi diversifikasi pangan dan sosialisasi pola konsumsi B2SA sebagai upaya preventif, serta gerakan pangan murah dan penyaluran bantuan pangan sebagai upaya responsif. Namun, masih terdapat kendala seperti keterbatasan cadangan pangan daerah dan pola konsumsi masyarakat yang belum beragam.

Penelitian ini menyimpulkan bahwa ketahanan pangan di Kabupaten Jeneponto berada pada kondisi cukup baik, namun masih memerlukan penguatan pada aspek konsumsi, cadangan pangan, serta optimalisasi kolaborasi antaraktor guna mencapai ketahanan pangan yang berkelanjutan.

Kata kunci: Ketahanan Pangan, Multiaktor, Collaborative Governance, Strategi Adapti

ABSTRACT

Dian Ayu Puspaningtyas, 2026. The Role of Multiple Actors in Developing Adaptive Food Security Strategies in Jeneponto Regency (Supervised by Dr. A. Junaedi Karso, S.H., M.H., M.Si, and Muhammad Amril Pratama Putra, S.IP., MAP).

This study aims to examine the role of multiple stakeholders in developing adaptive food security strategies in Jeneponto Regency. Food security is a strategic issue that requires the involvement of various parties in ensuring food availability, distribution, and consumption, particularly in the face of climate change, natural disasters, and price fluctuations.

This study employs a collaborative governance approach using a qualitative descriptive method. Data were collected through interviews, observations, and documentation. The informants included the Food Security Agency as the primary informant, as well as business operators and community members as supporting informants.

The research findings indicate that the multi-stakeholder approach has been implemented collaboratively, with complementary roles. The adaptive strategies implemented include food diversification and the promotion of B2SA consumption patterns as preventive measures, as well as affordable food initiatives and the distribution of food aid as responsive measures. However, challenges remain, such as limited local food reserves and a lack of diversity in community consumption patterns.

This study concludes that food security in Jeneponto Regency is in fairly good condition, but still requires strengthening in the areas of consumption and food reserves, as well as the optimization of collaboration among stakeholders to achieve sustainable food security.

Keywords: Food Security, Multi-actor, Collaborative Governance, Adaptive Strategy.